

Your Annual Drinking Water Quality Report For
Baldwin Township
January 1, 2021 - December 31, 2021

Dear Customer:

We're pleased to present to you this year's Annual Drinking Water Quality Report. This report is designed to inform you about the quality of the water and services we deliver to you every day. Our constant goal is to provide you with a safe and dependable supply of drinking water. We want you to understand the efforts we make to continually improve the water treatment process and protect our water resources. We are wholly committed to ensuring the quality of your water.

Where does our water come from?

The source of our water is Lake Huron; the intake structure is located approximately 1 mile from shore at a depth of approximately 40 feet. This water source has been in use since 1992 and is considered to be of the highest quality.

The water is then treated via a very effective and unique process designed to reduce, remove or destroy contaminants in the source water. This processing takes place at our facility located at 247 S. Baldwin Resort Rd. and is owned by the **Huron Shore Regional Utility Authority (HSRUA)**. The water treatment plant is staffed by MDEQ-certified professional water treatment specialists who in addition to formal education and job-related courses, keep current on ever-changing technology and regulations by attending continuing education courses, workshops, and seminars. As you will see in the following information, we monitor our lake water and drinking water supplied to you very closely to ensure its quality.

The State of Michigan has completed a Source Water Assessment Report (SWAR) for our water system. Included in the SWAR is the susceptibility ranking for our intake. The ranking is based on several factors, including intake location, depth, water chemistry, and contaminant sources. Based on the report, our intake has a moderate degree of sensitivity to potential contaminants. The potential contaminant sources have a minimal influence over the intake. This minimal contaminant threat combined with the moderately sensitive intake yields a moderate susceptibility determination for the HSRUA intake. If you would like to review a copy of the complete report, please contact your Local Township.

Baldwin Township wants their customers to be informed about their water quality and will be glad to answer any questions pertaining to your water supply. If you as a customer are confused or feel misinformed, give your utility the opportunity to clarify things.

We routinely monitor your drinking water for contaminants according to federal and state laws. The following tables included with this report show the results of our monitoring for the period of January 1 to December 31, 2021. Sample results that are more than five years old need not be included in the report, even if it is the last available data for the supply (e.g., some metals are collected on a nine-year frequency). All drinking water, including bottled water, may reasonably be expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. The presence of contaminants does not necessarily indicate that the water poses a health risk. More information about contaminants and potential health effects can be obtained by calling the Environmental Protection Agency Safe Drinking Water Hot Line at 1-800-426-4791.

It's our pleasure to report that in 2021 as in all years past, the water delivered from the water treatment plant met or surpassed all federal and state standards for quality.

If you wish to obtain a copy of this report contact your Township Hall listed at the end of this report. If you have questions concerning the contents of this report or the water utility, contact:

Catherine Winn
HSRUA Superintendent
989-362-0050
247 S. Baldwin Resort Rd.
East Tawas, MI 48730

The following is a list of terms and abbreviations you might not be familiar with. To help you better understand these terms, we've provided the definitions:

Action Level (AL) - The concentration of a contaminant that if exceeded triggers treatment or other requirements that a water system must follow.

Environmental Protection Agency (EPA)

Food and Drug Administration (FDA)

Maximum Contaminant Level (MCL) - The "Maximum Allowed" is the highest level of a contaminant that is allowed in drinking water. MCLs are set as close to the MCLGs as feasible using the best available treatment technology.

Maximum Contaminant Level Goal (MCLG) - The "Goal" is the level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MCLGs allow for a margin of safety.

Maximum residual disinfectant level (MRDL) - The highest level of a disinfectant allowed in drinking water. There is convincing evidence that the addition of a disinfectant is necessary for control of microbial contaminants.

Maximum residual disinfectant level goal (MRDLG) - The level of a drinking water disinfectant below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MRDLGs do not reflect the benefits of the use of disinfectants to control microbial contaminants.

Michigan Department of Environmental Quality (MDEQ)

Nephelometric Turbidity Unit (NTU) - Nephelometric turbidity unit is a measure of the clarity of water. Turbidity in excess of 5 NTU is just noticeable to the average person.

Not regulated (NR) - The substance is not currently regulated by the USEPA and or MDEQ. Monitoring helps EPA to determine where these contaminants occur and whether there is a need to regulate them.

Not applicable (NA)

Not Detected (ND)

Parts per million (ppm)

Parts per billion (ppb)

Treatment Technique (TT) - A treatment technique is a required process intended to reduce the level of a contaminant in drinking water.

The tables contain only drinking water contaminants we detected in the year 2021. The presence of contaminants in the water does not necessarily indicate that the water poses a health risk. Unless otherwise noted, the data presented in this table is from testing done in the calendar year of the report.

HSRUA - Water Treatment Plant							
PRIMARY STANDARDS – Required sampling for substances which have federally enforced regulations, these substances are directly related to the safety of drinking water.							
Inorganic/Organic Chemicals	Sample Date	MCLG	MCL	Result	Range	Violation	Likely source
Nitrate (ppm)	08/04/2021	10	10	ND	N/A	No	Runoff from fertilizer use; Leaching from septic tanks, sewage; Erosion of natural deposits
Gross Alpha (pCi/L)	2016	0	15	1.0	N/A	No	Erosion of natural deposits
Combined Radium (pCi/L)	2016	0	5	0.67	N/A	No	Erosion of natural deposits
Fluoride (ppm)	08/04/2021	4	4	0.69	N/A	No	Erosion of natural deposits; Water additive which promotes strong teeth; Discharge from fertilizer and aluminum factories
TOC	Sample Date	MCLG	MCL		Range	Violation	Likely source
TOC (ppm)	Quarterly	N/A	TT		1.37 – 1.47	No	Naturally present in the environment
Turbidity ¹	Sample Date	MCLG	MCL/TT	Highest Result	Range	Violation	Likely source
NTU Filtered Water	Daily	N/A	TT = 1	0.09	0.04 – 0.09	No	Soil run-off
% of samples Filtered Water	Daily	N/A	95% <0.3NTU	100.0 %	N/A	No	Soil run-off
Microbial Contaminants	Sample Date	MCL		MCLG	Detected	Violation	Likely source
Total Coliform (total number or % of positive samples/month)	Daily	TT		N/A	0	No	Naturally present in environment
<i>E. coli</i> (positive samples)	Daily	See <i>E. coli</i> note ⁴		0	0	No	Human and animal fecal waste
ADDITIONAL MONITORING – Required and non-required sampling for substances that do not have federally enforced regulations, these substances are not directly related to your health. They reflect aesthetic qualities such as taste, odor, and appearance.							
Sampled at Plant Tap	Sample Date	MCLG	MCL	Average Result	Range	Violation	Likely source
Sodium ² (ppm)	08/04/2021	N/A	N/A	4.8	N/A	No	Erosion of natural deposits
Chloride (ppm)	08/04/2021	N/A	250	8	N/A	No	Erosion of natural deposits
Sulfate (ppm)	08/04/2021	N/A	250	18	N/A	No	Naturally occurring mineral
Sampled at Plant Tap	Sample Date	MCLG	MCL	Average Result	Range	Violation	Likely source
Fluoride (ppm)	Daily	4	4	0.69	0.14 – 0.83	No	Erosion of natural deposits; Water additive which promotes strong teeth; Discharge from fertilizer and aluminum factories.
pH	Daily	N/A	6.5 – 8.5	7.14	6.94 – 7.37	No	Naturally occurring elements
Hardness CaCO ₃ (ppm)	1/Week	N/A	N/A	99	92 – 116	No	Naturally occurring elements
Alkalinity (ppm)	Daily	N/A	N/A	71	63 – 89	No	Naturally occurring elements

¹ Turbidity is a measure of the cloudiness of the water. We monitor it because it is a good indicator of water quality. High turbidity can hinder the effectiveness of disinfectants.

² Sodium is not a regulated contaminant.

UNREGULATED CONTAMINANTS – Required sampling for substances which the EPA requires monitoring but has yet to establish standards. Monitoring helps the EPA determine where these contaminants occur and whether regulation is warranted in the future. Additional information about unregulated contaminants can be found here: www.epa.gov/dwucmr

Per- and polyfluoroalkyl substances (PFAS)

Unregulated Contaminant	MCL, TT, or MRDL	MCLG or MRDLG	Level Detected	Range	Year Sampled	Violation	Typical Source of Contaminant
Hexafluoropropylene oxide dimer acid (HPPO-DA) (ppt)	370	N/A	ND	N/A	2021	No	Discharge and waste from industrial facilities utilizing the Gen X chemical process
Perfluorobutane sulfonic acid (PFBS) (ppt)	420	N/A	ND	N/A	2021	No	Discharge and waste from industrial facilities; stain-resistant treatments
Perfluorohexane sulfonic acid (PFHxS) (ppt)	51	N/A	ND	N/A	2021	No	Firefighting foam; discharge and waste from industrial facilities
Perfluorohexanoic acid (PFHxA) (ppt)	400,000	N/A	ND	N/A	2021	No	Firefighting foam; discharge and waste from industrial facilities
Perfluorononanoic acid (PFNA) (ppt)	6	N/A	ND	N/A	2021	No	Discharge and waste from industrial facilities; breakdown of precursor compounds
Perfluorooctane sulfonic acid (PFOS) (ppt)	16	N/A	ND	N/A	2021	No	Firefighting foam; discharge from electroplating facilities; discharge and waste from industrial facilities
Perfluorooctanoic acid (PFOA) (ppt)	8	N/A	ND	N/A	2021	No	Discharge and waste from industrial facilities; stain-resistant treatments

Baldwin Township – Distribution System

Copper & Lead	Sample Date	MCL	AL	Your Water ³	Range	Violation	Likely source
Copper (ppm)	2021	1.3	1.3	0.2	ND – 0.3	No	Corrosion of household plumbing
Lead (ppb)	2021	0	15	0	ND – 2	No	Corrosion of household plumbing erosion of natural deposits
Disinfectant By-Products	Sample Date	MCLG	MCL	Result	Range	Violation	Likely source
TTHMs (ppb)	2021	N/A	80	38.7	25.4 – 53.9	No	Disinfection By-product
HAA5 (ppb)	2021	N/A	60	18	13 - 23	No	Disinfection by-product
Disinfectant Residual	Sample Date	MRDLG	MRDL	Quarterly RAA	Range	Violation	Likely source
Free Chlorine (ppm)	2021	4.0	4.0	0.77	0.39 – 1.16	No	Disinfectant added to control microbes.
Microbial Contaminants	Sample Date	MCL		MCLG	Detected	Violation	Likely source
Total Coliform (total number or % of positive samples/month)	1/month	TT		N/A	0	No	Naturally present in environment
<i>E. coli</i> in the distribution system (positive samples)	1/month	See <i>E. coli</i> note ⁴		0	0	No	Human and animal fecal waste

³ Ninety (90) percent of the samples collected were at or below the level reported for our water.

⁴ *E. coli* MCL violation occurs if: (1) routine and repeat samples are total coliform-positive and either is *E. coli*-positive, or (2) the supply fails to take all required repeat samples following *E. coli*-positive routine sample, or (3) the supply fails to analyze total coliform-positive repeat sample for *E. coli*.

Important Information About Lead

If present elevated levels of lead can cause serious health problems, especially for pregnant women and young children. Lead in drinking water is primarily from materials and components associated with services lines and home plumbing. HSRUA is responsible for providing high quality drinking water but cannot control the variety of materials used in plumbing components. When your water has been sitting for several hours, you can minimize the potential for lead exposure by flushing your tap for 30 seconds to 2 minutes before using your water for drinking or cooking. If you are concerned about lead in your water, you may wish to have your water tested. Information on lead in drinking water, testing methods, and steps you can take to minimize exposure is available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline (800-426-4791) or at <http://www.epa.gov/safewater/lead>.

Baldwin Township has a total of 399 water service lines of either all copper or copper/polyethylene composition. Baldwin Township has zero service lines that are known to be lead.

Baldwin Township is proud that your drinking water meets all federal and state requirements. We have learned from our monitoring and testing that some contaminants have been detected but are well within the standards. The EPA has determined that your water is safe at these levels.

Information for people with special health concerns

Some people may be more vulnerable to contaminants in drinking water than the general population. Immuno-compromised persons such as persons with cancer undergoing chemotherapy, persons who have undergone organ transplants, people with HIV-AIDS or other immune system disorders, some elderly, and infants can be particularly at risk. EPA/CDC guidelines on appropriate means to lessen the risk of infection by cryptosporidium and other microbiological contaminants are available from the Safe Drinking Water Hot Line (800-426-4791).

The sources of all drinking water (both tap water and bottled water) include rivers, lakes, streams, ponds, reservoirs, springs, and wells. As water travels over the surface of the land or through the ground, it dissolves naturally occurring minerals and, in some cases, radioactive material, and can pick up substances resulting from the presence of animals or from human activity.

Contaminants that may be present in source water include:

- **Microbial contaminants**, such as viruses and bacteria, which may come from sewage treatment plants, septic systems, agricultural livestock operations, and wildlife.
- **Inorganic contaminants**, such as salts and metals, which can be naturally occurring or result from urban storm water runoff, industrial or domestic wastewater discharges, oil and gas production, mining, or farming.
- **Pesticides and herbicides**, which may come from a variety of sources such as agriculture, urban storm water runoff, and residential uses.
- **Organic Chemical contaminants**, including synthetic and volatile organic chemicals, which are byproducts of industrial processes and petroleum production, and can also come from gas stations, urban storm water runoff, and septic systems.
- **Radioactive contaminants**, which can be naturally occurring or be the result of oil and gas production in mining activities.

In order to ensure that tap water is safe to drink, the **EPA** prescribes regulations which limit the amount of certain contaminants in water provided by public water systems. **FDA** regulations establish limits for contaminants in bottled water, which must provide the same protection for public health.

There is nothing more important to our community than quality drinking water. The maintenance and expansion of the treatment facility and distribution system has and will continue to be important to the growth and welfare of Iosco County.

We will continue to work around the clock to provide top quality water to every tap. We ask that all our customers help us protect our water sources, which are the heart of our community, our way of life, and our children's future.

Opportunities for Public Participation:

We believe that informed citizens can be strong allies of water systems as they take action on pressing problems. The following is a listing of meeting dates and locations where your elected officials may discuss water system issues.

Water Supplier	Regular Meeting Schedule	Time/Location/Contact
Baldwin Township	2nd Wednesday of each month	6:00 p.m. Baldwin Township Hall 1119 Monument Road Tawas City, MI 48763 989-362-3742
Huron Shore Regional Utility Authority	1st Tuesday of each month	9:00 a.m. HSRUA Treatment Plant 247 S. Baldwin Resort Road East Tawas, MI 48730 989-362-0050

IMPORTANT INFORMATION ABOUT YOUR DRINKING WATER

Record Keeping Requirements Not Met for the Huron Shore Regional Utility Authority

*The Huron Shore Regional Utility Authority (HSRUA) is required to collect and retain filter backwash recycle flow information on file indefinitely for review and evaluation by the Michigan Department of Environment, Great Lakes, and Energy (EGLE) when requested. HSRUA was not recording all necessary information to calculate the rate of recycle flow back to the head of the plant. However, this violation **does not** pose a threat to your supply's water.*

The violation began on February 23, 2021 and ended on May 17, 2021 when HSRUA demonstrated to EGLE that it was collecting and retaining the required information, including the rate and frequency at which the recycle flow is returned to the head of the plant.

What should I do? There is nothing you need to do at this time. This is not an emergency. You do not need to boil water or use an alternative source of water at this time. Even though this is not an emergency, as our customers, you have a right to know what happened and what we did to correct the situation.

What happened? What is being done? We inadvertently were not recording the start and stop time and tank levels for each filter backwash recycle event. We revised our record keeping form to include all necessary elements in April 2021. The revised form was approved by EGLE and will be used going forward.

For more information, please contact the HSRUA Water Treatment Plant at (989) 362-0050.

Please share this information with all the other people who drink this water, especially those who may not have received this notice directly (for example, people in apartments, nursing homes, schools, and businesses). You can do this by posting this notice in a public place or distributing copies by hand or mail.

CERTIFICATION:

WSSN: 3319

I certify that this water supply has fully complied with the public notification regulations in the Michigan Safe Drinking Water Act, 1976 PA 399, as amended, and the administrative rules.

Signature: *Catherine A. Wenner* Title: HSRUA Administrator Date Distributed: 5/16/2022